

**SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADIES**  
**INVESTMENT FUNDS ACT, 2021**  
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SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

ACT NO. 16 OF 2021

I ASSENT

SUSAN DOUGAN  
Governor - General  
16th August, 2021.

[L.S.]

AN ACT to provide for the regulation of investment funds and their administrators, managers and custodians, operating in or from within the Eastern Caribbean Currency Union, and for matters incidental and related thereto.

[By Proclamation]

BE IT ENACTED by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the House of Assembly of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines and by the authority of the same, as follows:

PART I

PRELIMINARY

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the Investment Funds Act, 2021. Short title and commencement  
(2) This Act shall come into operation on a date appointed by the Governor-General by Proclamation published in the *Gazette*.

2. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires - Interpretation  
“accredited investor” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;  
“affiliate” has the meaning given in the Securities Act, 2021;  
“applicant” means a person who makes an application under this Act;

“approved auditor” means an auditor approved by the Commission;

“associate” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;

“closed-end investment fund” means a company, unit trust or partnership where the holder of an equity interest does not have the option to redeem his equity interest or require the fund to repurchase his equity interest;

“Commission” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;

“company” includes a body corporate, limited partnership or other business entity, which is incorporated, registered or otherwise established under the laws of a member country or the laws of a foreign jurisdiction.

“constitutive documents” means the principal documents governing the formation of the investment fund, and includes the trust deed in the case of a unit trust, the memorandum and articles of association in the case of a company, the governing regulations in the case of an investment condominium, the partnership agreement or articles of partnership in the case of a partnership and all other material agreements;

“Currency Union” means the Eastern Caribbean Currency Union and refers collectively to the territories of Anguilla, Antigua and Barbuda, The Commonwealth of Dominica, Grenada, Montserrat, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia and Saint Vincent and the Grenadines which use the Eastern Caribbean currency as the official currency;

“custodian” means a person to whom the property of the investment fund is entrusted for safe keeping;

“distribution” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021 and “distribute” shall be construed accordingly;

“document” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;

“equity interest” means a share, a trust unit, a participation

interest or a partnership interest that carries an entitlement to participate in the profits or gains of the issuer thereof and that, except where the issuer is a closed-end fund, is redeemable or re-purchasable at the option of the investor;

“feeder fund” means an investment fund that conducts more than fifty- one per cent of its investing in a master fund either directly or through an intermediary entity;

“foreign investment fund” means an investment fund that is incorporated, constituted, formed or organised in a foreign jurisdiction;

“foreign jurisdiction” means a jurisdiction outside of the Currency Union;

“foreign regulatory authority” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;

“general partner” means -

(a) in respect of a limited partnership licensed under the Partnership Act, a partner as defined in that law;

(b) in respect of a partnership constituted under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction, a person who would be a partner of the partnership if the partnership were constituted under the laws of a member country;

“generally accepted accounting principles” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;

“generally accepted auditing standards” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;

“independent” for the purposes of this Act, means a person that is not a subsidiary, affiliate or associate of another person or otherwise meets the conditions as prescribed by the Commission;

“investment fund” or “fund” means

(a) a company which -

(i) collects and pools investor funds for the

purpose of collective investment;

- (ii) issues equity interests that entitle the holder to receive on demand or within a specified period after demand an amount computed by reference to the value of a proportionate interest in the whole or in a part of the net assets of the company or other body, partnership or unit trust, as the case may be; or

- (b) a company or other body, partnership or unit trust prescribed as an investment fund for the purposes of securities laws, including a closed end fund;

but does not include any issuer of a type or description that has been prescribed as not being an investment fund;

“investment fund administration” means –

- (a) to administer the operations and administrative affairs of an investment fund;
- (b) to provide the administrative services for an investment fund including the accounting, valuation or reporting services;
- (c) to provide the principal office of an investment fund; but does not include –
  - (i) the provision of a registered office to an investment fund where the usual corporate secretarial and related services are provided;
  - (ii) in relation to an investment fund, the maintenance of any register of equity interests or the registration and payment of fees; or
- (d) the provision of investment advice or investment management or trading execution services;

“investment fund administrator” means the person who, provides investment fund administration;

“investment fund administrator licence” means a licence or registration referred to under section 34;

“investment fund adviser” means a person not being an



officer or employee of an investment fund who for valuable consideration, provides or is entitled to provide an investment fund with investment advice only, and who does not provide any investment management services to such investment fund;

“investment fund licence” means a licence or registration granted to a fund under this Act;

“investment fund manager” means a person who controls or directs the assets of the investment fund or provides the investment fund with advice or information relating to investment opportunities;

“investor” means a person who holds or owns an interest in or a security issued by or invested in by an investment fund;

“licensed investment fund administrator” means the holder of an investment administration licence or registration;

“licensee” means a person licensed under this Act;

“master fund” means a company, partnership, unit trust or investment condominium that –

- (a) has as its investors other investment funds or feeder funds;
- (b) holds investments and conducts trading activities for the principal purpose of implementing the overall investment strategy of the feeder funds; and
- (c) has as its investors one or more feeder funds either directly or through an intermediary entity established to invest in the master fund,

and for the purposes of this Act such master fund shall be deemed to be an investment fund;

“material change” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021

“member country” means a country that is a member of the Currency Union;

“misrepresentation” means-

- (a) an untrue statement of a material fact or material change;
- (b) an omission to state a material fact or material change that is required to be stated or is necessary to prevent a statement that is made from being false or misleading in the circumstances in which it is made; or
- (c) in any other circumstance, a statement about something that a reasonable investor would consider important-
  - (i) in making a decision to trade a security; or
  - (ii) in relation to a trading or advising relationship with a person,

if the statement is untrue or omits information necessary to prevent that statement from being false or misleading in the circumstances;

“Monetary Council” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;

“offering document” in respect of an investment fund, means a document or series of documents on the basis of which –

- (a) equity interests in the investment fund are offered for sale; or
- (b) persons are invited to subscribe for or purchase equity interests in the investment fund,

and includes a prospectus, but does not include any other notice, advertisement, letter or other communication used in connection with the offer for sale of any equity interest in the investment fund or the invitation to any person to subscribe for or purchase any equity interest in the investment fund if before the offer or invitation is accepted or taken up the prospective investor is given the opportunity to consider an offering document containing the information as set out under section 10;.

“operator”, means the person responsible for the day to day oversight of the operations of the investment fund, including the prevention of conflicts of interest, and includes –

- (a) where the investment fund is a unit trust, the trustee

of that trust;

- (b) where the investment fund is a partnership, the general partner in that partnership; or
- (c) where the investment fund is a body corporate, the directors of that body corporate;

“own funds” means assets that are set aside to cover risks and includes paid-up share capital, reserves and undistributed profits;

“participating government” means a government of a member country;

“partnership” means a contractual relationship which subsists between persons carrying on a business in common with a view of profit and includes a partnership formed under the laws of a member country or the laws of such other country or jurisdiction notwithstanding any statutory definition to the contrary;

“party related to an investment fund” or its derivatives means an investment fund administrator, operator, promoter, custodian, valuer, investment fund manager, investment fund advisor;

“person” includes an individual, and a company, partnership, association and other legal entity, organised or incorporated group of persons, and the personal or other legal representative of any person to whom the context can apply;

“prescribed” means prescribed by regulations or rules and “prescribe” shall be construed accordingly;

“private investment fund” means a fund that-

- (a) is lawfully incorporated, constituted, formed or organised under the laws of a member country of the Currency Union or under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction; and
- (b) specifies in its constitutional documents that-
  - (i) it is not authorised to have more than fifty investors; or

- (ii) an invitation to subscribe for, or purchase, fund interests issued by the fund shall be made on a private basis only;

“professional investment fund” means an investment fund that is only offered to professional investors at the time of issue of the equity interest.

“promoter,” in relation to an investment fund or proposed investment fund, means any person whether within or outside the Currency Union who directly or indirectly is responsible for the formation of an investment fund and who causes the preparation or distribution of an offering document in respect of the investment fund or proposed investment fund but does not include a professional advisor or underwriter acting for or on behalf of such a person;

“professional investor” means—

- (a) any bank or trust company licensed under the Banking Act or Trust Act of a member country or licensed under the laws of another jurisdiction; whether acting in its individual or fiduciary capacity;
- (b) any registered firm under the Securities Act 2021 or under the laws of another jurisdiction;
- (c) any insurance company licensed under the Insurance Act, of a member country or licensed under the laws of another jurisdiction;
- (d) any investment fund licensed or registered under this Act or regulated under the laws of another jurisdiction;
- (e) an individual whose individual net worth at the time of the purchase exceeds five hundred thousand dollars or individual annual income has been in excess of two hundred thousand dollars in each of the two most recent years, and has reasonable expectation of reaching the same income level in the current year;
- (f) an individual whose joint net worth with that individual’s spouse, at the time of the purchase

exceeds one million dollars or whose joint income with that individual's spouse has been in excess of six hundred thousand dollars in each of the two most recent years, and has a reasonable expectation of reaching the same income level in the current year;

- (g) any trust with total assets in excess of five million dollars;
- (h) any entity where all the equity owners satisfy one of the requirements in paragraphs (a) to (g); or
- (i) any entity with net assets in excess of five million dollars;

“public investment fund” means an investment fund that distributes its equity interests to the public in or from within the Currency Union;

“recognised country” means a country recognised by the Commission under section 65 of this Act;

“record” means any means by which information may be stored;

“register” means a register required to be maintained by the Commission under sections 48;

“registered foreign fund” means a foreign fund that is registered by the Commission under section 13 of this Act;

“registered office” means -

- (a) in respect of a company formed under the Companies Act, the registered office of the company for the purposes of that Act;
- (b) in the case of a foreign company registered under the Companies Act, an office registered in accordance with that Act;
- (c) in the case of a partnership registered under the

- Cap. 155 Partnership Act, the registered office of that partnership for the purposes of that Act; or
- (d) in the case of a trust registered under the Trusts Act, the place shown in the file maintained by the Registrar of Trusts as the address of the trustees of the trust;
- Cap. 491
- “regulated investment fund” means an investment fund that is licensed or registered under this Act to carry on business in or from the Currency Union;
- “regulated person” includes a person licensed or registered under this Act;
- “regulations” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;
- “securities laws” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;
- “service-provider” in relation to an investment fund, means-
- (a) the investment fund manager, administrator, investment adviser or custodian of the fund;
  - (b) in the case of a fund that is a unit trust, the trustee;
  - (c) a broker-dealer acting for, or in relation to, a fund; or
  - (d) a person undertaking such other function with respect to the fund as may be prescribed;
- “significant security holder” has the meaning given in the Securities Act 2021;
- “trust deed” means the written instrument establishing a trust;
- “trustee”, in relation to a unit trust, means the person holding the property of the fund on trust for the investors;
- “unit trust” means a trust established by a trustee which, for valuable consideration, issues trust units in, or distributes profits or gains arising from the acquisition, holding, management or disposal of investments of the

trust.

- (2) Any reference in this Act to -
  - (a) "this Act" shall, unless expressly stated, include a reference any regulations, rules, orders, notices and other subsidiary legislation made under this Act; and
  - (b) "securities laws" shall, unless expressly stated, include a reference any regulations, rules, orders, notices and other subsidiary legislation made under a securities law.

**PART I**  
**INVESTMENT FUNDS**  
**DIVISION I**

3. (1) A person shall not carry on investment fund business in or from within the Currency Union unless the investment fund concerned is-

- (a) a licensed public investment fund;
- (b) a registered private investment fund;
- (c) a registered professional investment fund; or
- (d) a registered foreign investment fund.

Prohibition by  
unlicensed and  
unregistered  
funds

(2) A person shall not act as a service provider, or otherwise be concerned with the management or administration, of an investment fund that carries on business in or from within the Currency Union, unless the investment fund concerned is a licensed public fund, a licensed professional fund, a licensed private fund or a registered foreign fund.

(3) For the purposes of this section,

- (a) an investment fund, whether incorporated, formed or organised within the Currency Union or in a foreign jurisdiction, is deemed to carry on business in the Currency Union, if -
  - (i) it operates from a place of business in the Currency Union;
  - (ii) it distributes its equity interests to a person within

the Currency Union or in a foreign jurisdiction; or

(iii) it solicits to persons within the Currency Union or in a foreign jurisdiction;

(b) an investment fund that carries on business in a foreign jurisdiction, is deemed to carry on business from within the Currency Union, if it is -

(i) a company incorporated under the laws of a member country;

(ii) a partnership formed under the laws of a member country; or

(iii) a unit trust established and governed by the trust laws of a member country and is managed from within the Currency Union.

(4) A foreign fund does not carry on business in the Currency Union as an investment fund solely by reason of the appointment of a licensee as its fund administrator, fund manager, investment advisor or custodian.

Prohibition  
a g a i n s t  
p r o m o t i o n o f  
i n v e s t m e n t f u n d s

4. (1) A person, including the investment fund, shall not, whether in or from within the Currency Union, promote an investment fund unless-

(a) the investment fund is

(i) a licenced public fund

(ii) a registered professional or private fund, or

(iii) a registered foreign fund, and

the fund is promoted as permitted by this Act; or

(b) the communication or advice is exempted by the regulations made under 5(2).

(2) Without limiting subsection (1), a person promotes an investment fund if he communicates, or causes an invitation or inducement to be communicated to any other person, or advises or procures any other person, to become an investor, or to offer to become an investor, in an investment fund.

5. (1) An investment fund incorporated, formed or organised in a



foreign jurisdiction has not solicited an individual within the Currency Union to subscribe for, or purchase, any of its fund interests in circumstances where the subscription or purchase is a result of an approach made by the individual to the fund without any solicitation made by or on behalf of the fund.

General Exemptions to promotion

(2) Regulations may prescribe exemptions from the application of section 4(2) communication or advice-

- (a) of a specified category or description; or
- (b) made or given in specified circumstances.

(3) The regulations may specify circumstances in which section 3 (1) or 3 (2) does not apply with respect to certain specified categories or descriptions of investment funds or persons.

6. (1) An investment fund may carry on business in or from within the Currency Union, as a professional fund, for a continuous period not exceeding thirty days, without being registered if the fund-

Exemption period for registration as a professional fund

- (a) satisfies the criteria for a professional fund specified in section 11(2)(a), (c) and (d); and
- (b) complies with, and is managed and administered in accordance with, the requirements of this Act relating to professional funds, other than with respect to registration.

(2) An investment fund that commences business in reliance on subsection (1) shall submit an application to the Commission for registration as a professional fund within twenty-one days after the commencement of its business.

(3) For the purposes of this Act, a fund that commences business in reliance on subsection (1) is deemed to have been registered as a professional fund for the period in which it carries on business in reliance on subsection (1).

(4) During the period in which an investment fund carries on business in accordance with subsection (1)-

- (a) the fund, a partner of the fund or, where the fund is a unit trust, the trustee, does not commit an offence under section 3(1); and
- (b) a person does not commit an offence under section 3(2) by acting as the service provider of or being

concerned with the management or administration of the fund.

## DIVISION II

### PUBLIC FUNDS

Licensing of fund  
as public fund

7. (1) Application may be made to the Commission for the licensing of an investment fund as a public fund by-

- (a) in the case of an investment fund that is incorporated as a business company in a member country, the company itself; or
- (b) in the case of a unit trust, by the trustee.

(2) The Commission may grant an application for licensing under subsection (1), if it is satisfied that-

- (a) the fund is-
  - (i) a business company incorporated in a member country; or
  - (ii) a unit trust that is governed by the trust laws of a member country and has a trustee that is based in the Currency Union;
- (b) the fund satisfies the requirements of this Act;
- (c) the fund will upon licensing, be in compliance with this Act;
- (d) the fund's service providers satisfy the Commission's fit and proper criteria;
- (e) the fund has, or upon licensing would have, an independent custodian;
- (f) the fund's name is not undesirable or misleading; and
- (g) it is appropriate to do so in the public interest.

(3) Where the Commission grants an application for a licence under subsection (1), it shall-

- (a) record the public fund in the Register of Public Funds; and
- (b) issue a licence certificate in the approved form to a public

fund.

(4) The Commission may grant a public fund licence subject to such conditions as it considers appropriate.

8. (1) A public fund shall not, whether within or outside the Currency Union, make an invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase its fund interests, unless the invitation-

- (a) is contained in an approved offering document; and
- (b) complies with such requirements as may be specified in the regulations.

Prohibition on invitation to public subscribe by public fund

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), an invitation to more than fifty persons, in the Currency Union or in a foreign jurisdiction, to subscribe for or purchase fund interests, is an invitation to the public to subscribe for or purchase fund interests.

(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to an invitation that is deemed not to be an invitation to the public under section 9.

9. An invitation to a person to subscribe for or purchase fund interests is deemed not to constitute an invitation to the public if-

- (a) the invitation is made to, or is directed exclusively at, one or more of the following:
  - (i) an accredited investor;
  - (ii) a person having a close connection with the issuer; or
  - (iii) a participating government;

Circumstances in which invitation to subscribe not invitation to the public

- (b) the minimum aggregate purchase price payable by a person for the fund interests acquired by him pursuant to the invitation-

- (i) must be paid before the fund interests are issued; and
- (ii) equals or exceeds the minimum specified in the regulations, or the equivalent in another currency; or

- (c) the invitation is made
  - (i) to such persons;
  - (ii) with respect to fund interests issued, or to be issued,

by such persons; or

(iii) in such circumstances, as may be prescribed.

Form and  
content of  
offering  
document

10. (1) An offering document intended to be submitted to the Commission for registration shall-

(a) be in writing, be dated and be signed by or on behalf of-

(i) in the case of a business company of the Currency Union, the board of the company; or

(ii) in the case of a unit trust, the fund manager or the trustee of the trust;

(b) provide full and accurate disclosure of all such information as investors would reasonably require and expect to find for the purpose of making an informed investment decision;

(c) be in the form, contain the information, statements, certifications and other matters specified in the Investment Funds Regulations; and

(d) have attached to it such documents as may be prescribed.

(2) The Commission shall issue a receipt for an offering document within thirty days after the date of the filing of the offering document that fulfils the prescribed requirements.

(3) A distribution commences on the date that the receipt for the prospectus is issued.

### DIVISION III

#### PRIVATE AND PROFESSIONAL FUNDS

Registration of  
private and  
professional fund

11. (1) Application may be made to the Commission for the registration of an investment fund as a private fund or as a professional fund by-

(a) in the case of an investment fund that is a company, the fund itself;

(b) in the case of a unit trust, by the trustee;

(c) in the case of an investment fund that is a partnership, by a partner;

(d) in any other case, by the manager, or proposed manager

of the fund. Registration of private and professional fund.

- (2) The Commission may register an investment fund as a private fund or a professional fund if it is satisfied that-
- (a) the fund is lawfully incorporated, constituted, formed or organised under the laws of a member country or a foreign jurisdiction;
  - (b) in the case of a private fund, the constitutional documents of the fund specify that-
    - (i) the fund is not authorised to have more than 50 investors; or
    - (ii) an invitation to subscribe for, or purchase fund interests issued by the fund shall be made to not more than fifty investors;
  - (c) in the case of a professional fund, the constitutional documents of the fund specify that
    - (i) the fund interests shall be issued only to professional investors;
    - (ii) the initial investment of each investor in the fund, other than exempted investors, shall be not less than such sum as may be prescribed in the regulations;
  - (d) the fund satisfies such other criteria as may be specified for registration of a private or professional fund, as the case may be, in the regulations;
  - (e) the fund satisfies the requirements of this Act with respect to the application;
  - (f) the fund will, on being registered, be in compliance with this Act; and
  - (g) it is appropriate in the public interest to register the fund as a private or professional fund.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2)(b)(ii), an invitation to subscribe for, or purchase, fund interests issued by a private investment fund includes an invitation which is made-

- (a) to specified persons (however described) and is not calculated to result in fund interests becoming available to other persons or to a large number of persons; or
- (b) by reason of a private or business connection between the person making the invitation and the investor.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (2)(c), the minimum investment limit referred to does not apply in respect of an investment made by a person specified in the regulations as an exempted investor.

(5) Where the Commission grants an application for registration under subsection (1), it shall-(a) register the fund in the Register of Private Funds or the Register of Professional Funds, as appropriate; and(b) issue the fund with a certificate of registration in the approved form.

(6) The registration of a private or professional fund is subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Commission.

Obligation to act  
in accordance  
w i t h  
constitutional  
documents

12. (1) No registered private or professional fund shall make any offer or invitation of its fund interests, issue any fund interests or carry on business in any manner that would result in the fund-

- (a) in the case of a private fund-
  - (i) having more than fifty investors; or
  - (ii) making any invitation to subscribe for, or purchase, its fund interests otherwise than on a private basis; or
- (b) in the case of a professional fund, issuing fund interests
  - (i) to any person who is not a professional investor; or
  - (ii) where the initial investment, in respect of a professional investor who is not an exempted investor, is less than the sum prescribed in the regulations.

(2) Without limiting subsection (1), no person shall be accepted as an investor in a private or professional fund unless that person has provided-

- (a) in the case of a professional fund, written confirmation that he is a professional investor within the meaning specified; and

(b) in the case of a private or professional fund, a written acknowledgment that he has received, understood and accepted the prescribed investment warning.

**DIVISION IV**

**REGISTRATION OF A FOREIGN FUND**

13. (1) An application may be made to the Commission by a foreign fund or by its manager, for the fund to be a registered foreign fund.

Registration of a foreign fund

(2) The Commission may approve an application for the registration of a foreign fund if the Commission is satisfied that-

(a) the fund complies with the requirements of this Act in respect of the application and will, upon registration, be in compliance with the requirements of this Act with respect to registered foreign funds;

(b) the fund is subject to an authorisation and supervisory regime in the jurisdiction in which it is constituted that, in the opinion of the Commission, provides to investors in the Currency Union protection at least equivalent to the protection provided under this Act for investors of public funds; and

(c) the fund is being operated and managed in compliance with the authorisation and supervisory regime to which it is subject.

14. The regulations may make provisions with respect to the registration of foreign funds, including as to-

Investment Fund Regulations may provide for registration of foreign funds

(a) the submission to the Commission and the publication of such particulars as regards registered foreign funds as may be prescribed;

(b) the notifications to be provided to the Commission with respect to registered foreign funds, including as to the amendment of the constituting instruments of a registered foreign fund and changes of the service providers of a registered foreign fund;

- (c) the maintenance in the Currency Union of deposits and property by and with respect to registered foreign funds.

#### DIVISION V

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO LICENSED AND REGISTERED FUNDS

Restriction on licensing or registration of investment fund

15. The Commission shall not license or register an investment fund until the applicant has satisfied the Commission that –

- (a) each promoter, operator, investment fund advisor, investment fund manager, investment fund administrator, auditor, custodian, is fit and proper; and
- (b) the business of the investment fund and any offering of equity interests in it will be carried out, in accordance with this Act, the regulations and any other applicable laws.

Grant of licence or approval of registration of an investment fund

16. (1) The Commission shall not grant a license or approve the registration of an investment fund where –

- (a) the investment fund has not satisfied the provisions of this Act;
- (b) for reasons of public interest, the Commission determines that the investment fund should not be licensed or registered; or
- (c) the name of the investment fund is –
  - (i) identical to that of any other investment fund that is licensed or registered under this Act or which so nearly resembles the name of an investment fund licensed or registered under this Act so as to be likely to deceive or cause confusion in the investment funds industry,
  - (ii) likely to suggest, falsely, the patronage of or connection with some person or authority, whether within the Currency Union or elsewhere, or
  - (iii) likely to suggest falsely, that the fund has a special status in relation to or derived from the respective Governments of the member countries.

(2) Where the Commission refuses to grant the application, it will serve a notice of its decision, in writing, on the applicant.



17. (1) Unless exempted by the Commission no person other than a regulated investment fund shall carry on or attempt to carry on business as an investment fund with the words "fund" or "investment fund" in its name.

Restricted names

(2) If, in the opinion of the Commission, an investment fund is carrying on business in a name that the Commission would have refused by virtue of section 16(1)(c), the Commission may direct the investment fund to change its name to a name approved by the Commission.

18. (1) A regulated investment fund may transfer from the Currency Union to a foreign jurisdiction and shall notify the Commission of such transfer in the prescribed form within fourteen days of the issue of the licence or notification of approval of registration with the foreign jurisdiction

Transfer to another jurisdiction

(2) Where notification is given under subsection (1) the investment fund shall at the same time -

(a) surrender to the Commission the original certificate issued as evidence of its being licensed or registered in the Currency Union; or

(b) in the event the original certificate is lost, submit to the Commission an affidavit attesting to the fact of such loss.

(3) The Commission upon being satisfied that the provisions of this section have been met, shall issue a public notice that the investment fund is no longer licensed in the Currency Union by publication:

(a) in the *Official Gazette* in each member country;

(b) in a newspaper of general circulation in each member country; and

(c) on the website of the Commission.

19. (1) An investment fund that intends to transfer to the Currency Union from a foreign jurisdiction shall notify the Commission of such transfer, in the prescribed form and shall apply to the Commission to be licensed or registered not later than twenty-one days prior to transferring to the Currency Union.

Transfer from another jurisdiction

(2) An investment fund under subsection (1) shall submit to the Commission, the following information in support of its application -

- (a) name of the investment fund;
- (b) name of investment fund administrator;
- (c) name of the investment fund manager;
- (d) address of registered office or principal office in the Currency Union;
- (e) name and address of the operators;
- (f) the current offering document;
- (g) any other information prescribed by the Commission; and
- (h) evidence that the investment fund has complied with the laws of its present foreign jurisdiction.

(3) An investment fund transferring to the Currency Union shall provide evidence of the surrender of its licence in the foreign jurisdiction.

(4) The Commission may upon the written application of the investment fund transferring to the Currency Union, extend the period within which the fund must obtain an investment fund licence or registration from the Commission.

Voluntary  
Surrender of  
licence by  
investment fund

20. (1) An investment fund shall notify the Commission in the prescribed manner, of its intention to surrender its licence or registration granted by the Commission, at least fourteen days prior to the effective date of the surrender.

(2) The Commission may, on receiving notification by an investment fund under subsection (1) –

- (a) accept, subject to such terms and conditions as it may impose, the voluntary surrender of the licence or registration of the investment fund if the Commission is satisfied that the surrender of the licence or registration would not be prejudicial to the public interest; or
- (b) without providing an opportunity to be heard, suspend the licence or registration or impose any condition or restriction on the licence that the Commission deems appropriate.

(3) On the effective date of the surrender, where the Commission

has accepted the voluntary surrender of a licence, the investment fund shall—

- (a) surrender to the Commission the original certificate issued as evidence of its being licensed or registered in the Currency Union; or
- (b) in the event the original certificate is lost, submit to the Commission an affidavit attesting to the fact of such loss.

(4) The Commission shall within fourteen days of acceptance of the investment fund's voluntary surrender of its licence or registration under subsection (2)(a), cause a public notice to be issued, that the investment fund is no longer licensed or registered in the Currency Union, by publication in—

- (a) in the *Official Gazette* of each member country;
- (b) publishing in a newspaper of general circulation in each member country; and
- (c) on the website of the Commission.

21. (1) An investment fund that has not commenced operations within one year of licensing or registration, or that ceases trading and liquidates and distributes its assets without formally liquidating its structure, shall inform the Commission of the voluntary suspension of its activity.

V o l u n t a r y  
s u s p e n s i o n  
o f  
i n v e s t m e n t  
f u n d  
a c t i v i t y

(2) An investment fund shall inform the Commission, in writing, within fourteen days of suspending its activity.

(3) Upon being notified that an investment fund has suspended its activity under subsection (1), the Commission shall suspend the licence or registration of the investment fund and cause a public notice to be issued, that the licence of the fund has been suspended, by publication—

- (a) in the *Official Gazette* in each member country;
- (b) in a newspaper of general circulation in each member country; or
- (c) on the website of the Commission.

(4) An investment fund whose licence or registration has been suspended under subsection (3) may resume its operation within one

year from the date of suspension failing which the Commission may revoke the licence or registration of such suspended investment fund.

(5) An investment fund whose licence or registration has been suspended under subsection (3) that intends to resume its operation shall apply to the Commission to have the suspension of its licence lifted, and such application shall be made in the prescribed manner, and the investment fund shall pay the prescribed fee.

(6) The Commission may upon the written application of the investment fund extend the period of suspension of a licence or registration by a period not exceeding eighteen months.

(7) Upon being satisfied that the investment fund is in compliance with all provisions of this Act and the regulations, the Commission shall lift the suspension of the licence or registration of the investment fund imposed under subsection (3) and issue a public notice that the investment fund has been re-launched, to be published-

- (a) in the Official Gazette in each member country;
- (b) in a newspaper of general circulation in each member country; and
- (c) on the website of the Commission.

Misrepresentation

22. (1) A person who applies for an investment fund licence or registration of a fund shall not supply the Commission with information that he or she knows or should reasonably know is false or misleading.

(2) Where a regulated investment fund becomes aware that a service provider has provided it with false or misleading information, it shall immediately notify the Commission in writing.

## PART II

### SERVICE PROVIDERS

#### DIVISION I

#### LICENSING OF INVESTMENT FUND SERVICE PROVIDERS

Prohibition by  
service-  
provider

23. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Part, no person shall carry on business as a service-provider to an investment fund in or from within the Currency Union unless it is licensed or registered by the Commission.

(2) On application, the Commission may grant a licence or registration as a service-provider if the Commission is satisfied that all the prescribed requirements have been fulfilled and to do so would be in the public interest.

**DIVISION II**

**OPERATOR**

24. (1) An operator of an investment fund shall ensure that the investment fund does not carry on or attempt to carry on business as an investment fund contrary to the provisions of this Act.

Licensing or registration of operator

(2) A person shall not act as an operator of an investment fund unless it is licensed or registered as such by the Commission.

**DIVISION III**

**INVESTMENT FUND MANAGER**

25. (1) Subject to subsection 3, an investment fund shall appoint an investment fund manager prior to commencement of operations as a regulated investment fund.

Appointment of investment fund manager

(2) An investment fund manager appointed under subsection (1) shall provide or is entitled to provide an investment fund with investment management services and such services may include providing investment advice for valuable consideration.

(3) The Commission may exempt an investment fund from the requirements of this Division where -

(a) its only investors are affiliates of the investment fund, provided that none of those is itself an investment fund; or

(b) it is a feeder fund that invests one hundred per cent of its assets in a master fund.

(4) An investment fund exempt from appointing an investment fund manager under subsection(3) shall meet such other requirements as prescribed.

Licensing or registration of investment fund manager

26. (1) A person shall not act as an investment fund manager of an investment fund unless it is licensed or registered as such by the Commission.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), a person shall apply to the Commission for a licence or registration to operate as an investment fund manager.

(3) The Commission may licence or register a person as an investment fund manager where that investment fund manager –

- (a) intends to manage professional funds;
- (b) intends to manage a public fund;
- (c) intends to manage any investment fund in a jurisdiction, whose equity interests are offered to professional investors; or
- (d) is licensed or registered in a recognised jurisdiction.

Grant of licence or approval of registration of an investment fund manager

27. (1) The Commission shall not grant a licence or approve the registration of an investment fund manager under this Part unless –

- (a) the Commission is satisfied that the applicant is able to meet the conditions of this Part and the regulations;
- (b) the applicant has the prescribed capital, own funds and professional indemnity insurance in accordance with section 29;
- (c) the persons who effectively conduct the business of the applicant are of good repute and are experienced in relation to the investment strategies pursued by the investment funds to be managed by the applicant, and the conduct of the business of the applicant is decided by at least two persons meeting such conditions; and
- (d) the shareholders or members of the applicant that are significant security holders are suitable, taking into account the need to ensure the sound and prudent management of the applicant.

(2) The Commission shall be provided with the prescribed information about the persons referred to in subsection (1)(c) prior to the grant of a licence or registration and the prescribed information about every person succeeding them in office.

28. (1) An investment fund manager shall –

General duties of  
an investment  
fund manager

- (a) act honestly and fairly, with due skill, care and diligence in conducting its activities;
  - (b) act in the best interests of each investment fund and the investors of each investment fund it manages and for the integrity of the market;
  - (c) have and employ effectively the resources and procedures that are necessary for the proper performance of its business activities;
  - (d) take all reasonable steps to avoid conflicts of interest and, when they cannot be avoided, to identify, manage and monitor and, where applicable, disclose those conflicts of interest in order to prevent them from adversely affecting the interests of each investment fund and its investors and to ensure that each investment fund it manages is fairly treated;
  - (e) comply with all regulatory requirements applicable to the conduct of its business activities so as to promote the best interests of each investment fund and the investors of each investment fund it manages and the integrity of the market; and
  - (f) treat all investment fund investors fairly and ensure that no investor in an investment fund shall obtain preferential treatment, unless such preferential treatment is disclosed in the relevant investment fund's constitutive documents.
- (2) Where an investment fund is exempted from appointing a custodian under section 40(3) the investment fund manager shall ensure it complies with such other requirements as may be prescribed.
29. (1) An investment fund manager which is a licensed or registered investment fund manager, shall meet the prescribed initial and on-going capital requirements in Eastern Caribbean Dollars or the equivalent in a currency that is acceptable to the Commission;
- (2) An investment fund manager shall –
- (a) have own funds or additional own funds which are appropriate to cover potential liability risks arising from professional negligence; or

Minimum Capital  
and professional  
indemnity  
insurance  
requirements

- (b) hold a professional indemnity insurance against liability arising from professional negligence which is appropriate to the risks covered.

Chief Executive  
Officer of an  
investment fund  
manager

30. (1) Subject to subsection (3), an investment fund manager shall appoint an individual as a Chief Executive Officer.

(2) An investment fund manager shall not appoint an individual as a Chief Executive Officer under subsection (1) unless it is satisfied that the individual is fit and proper and has satisfied the requirements as prescribed by the Commission.

(3) A person shall not act as a Chief Executive Officer unless approved by the Commission.

(4) The Commission may, by notice in writing to the Chief Executive Officer, attach any necessary conditions to the approval under subsection (3).

Compliance officer  
of an investment  
fund manager

31. (1) Subject to subsection (4), an investment fund manager shall appoint a person as a Compliance Officer, subject to such conditions that the Commission shall prescribe.

(2) A Compliance Officer is responsible for ensuring that an investment fund manager complies with all applicable laws.

(3) An investment fund manager shall not appoint a person as Compliance Officer under subsection (1) unless it is satisfied that the person is fit and proper and has satisfied the requirements as prescribed by the Commission.

(4) A person shall not act as a Compliance Officer unless approved by the Commission.

(5) The Commission may, by notice in writing to the Compliance Officer, attach any necessary conditions to the approval under subsection (4).

#### **DIVISION IV INVESTMENT FUND ADMINISTRATOR**

Appointment of  
investment fund  
administrator

32. (1) Subject to subsection (2), an investment fund shall appoint an investment fund administrator.

(2) The Commission may exempt an investment fund from the provisions of subsection (1).



33. No person other than a licensed or registered investment fund administrator shall carry on or attempt to carry on investment fund administration business in or from within the Currency Union with the words "fund administrator" in its name or title and shall not represent in any way that it is carrying on business in or from within the Currency Union as an investment fund administrator unless exempted or otherwise authorized to do so by the Commission.

Name of investment fund administrator restricted

34. A person shall not act as an investment fund administrator unless that person is licensed or registered as such by the Commission.

Licensing or registration of an investment fund administrator

35. (1) The Commission may grant an investment fund administrator's licence if it is satisfied that the applicant-

Grant of licence or approval of registration of an investment fund administrator

(a) is a company incorporated or registered under the Companies Act or International Business Companies Act of a member country;

(b) has sufficient expertise to administer investment funds;

(c) is of sound reputation;

(d) will administer investment funds in a proper manner;

(e) has directors, officers, and senior management and significant security holders who meets the fit and proper requirements as prescribed by the Commission;

(f) has a principal office in a member country;

(g) complies with the prescribed requirements.

36. An investment fund administrator shall -

Obligations of an investment fund administrator

(a) provide the principal office for an investment fund that it administers in or from within the Currency Union;

(b) pay the prescribed fees for each investment fund for which it provides a principal office in the Currency Union;

(c) ensure that each party related to an investment fund is fit and proper as prescribed by the Commission;

(d) make such reports to the Commission regarding the investment funds for which it acts as the investment fund administrator, as the Commission may require.

Minimum  
Capital and  
professional  
indemnity  
insurance  
requirements

37. (1) An investment fund administrator which is a licensed or registered investment fund administrator, shall

- (a) meet the prescribed initial and on-going capital requirements in East Caribbean Dollars or the equivalent in a currency that is acceptable to the Commission; and
- (b) hold a professional indemnity insurance against liability arising from professional negligence which is appropriate to the risks covered.

(2) If the investment fund administrator fails to comply with a direction given under subsection (1) the Commission shall –

- (a) request other financial guarantees, acceptable to the Commission, to be supplied by the investment fund administrator within ninety days; or
- (b) where the investment fund administrator is unable to provide the guarantees under paragraph (a), revoke the licence or registration.

Chief Executive  
Officer of an  
investment fund  
administrator

38. (1) Subject to subsection (3), an investment fund administrator shall appoint an individual as a Chief Executive Officer.

(2) An investment fund administrator shall not appoint an individual as a Chief Executive Officer under subsection (1) unless it is satisfied that the individual is fit and proper and has satisfied the requirements as prescribed by the Commission.

(3) A person shall not act as the Chief Executive Officer unless approved by the Commission.

(4) The Commission may, by notice in writing to the Chief Executive Officer, attach any necessary conditions to the approval under subsection (3).

Compliance  
officer of an  
investment fund  
administrator

39. (1) Subject to subsection (4), an investment fund administrator shall appoint a person as a Compliance Officer, subject to such conditions that the Commission shall prescribe.

(2) A Compliance Officer is responsible for ensuring that an investment fund administrator complies with all applicable laws;

(3) An investment fund administrator shall not appoint a person as Compliance Officer under subsection (1) unless it is satisfied that the person is fit and proper and has satisfied the requirements as prescribed by the Commission.

(4) A person shall not act as a Compliance Officer unless approved by the Commission.

(5) The Commission may, by notice in writing to the Compliance Officer, attach any necessary conditions to the approval under subsection (4).

**DIVISION V  
CUSTODIAN**

40. (1) An investment fund which is licensed or registered by the Commission shall appoint one or more persons as custodian of the assets of the investment fund.

Appointment of  
custodian

(2) A custodian shall not act on behalf of an investment fund unless it is-

- (a) the holder of a custodian's licence or registration certificate; and
- (b) established and operating in accordance with the laws of a member country of the Currency Union or of a foreign jurisdiction.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (1) the Commission may exempt a licensed or registered investment fund from the requirement to appoint a custodian where -

- (a) the investment fund's only investors are affiliates of the investment fund provided that none of those investors is itself an investment fund; or
- (b) the assets of an investment fund are of a type that does not require the assets to be held in custody.

(4) An investment fund exempt from appointing a custodian under subsection (3) shall meet such other requirements as prescribed.

(5) The custodian shall satisfy requirements as prescribed by the Commission from time to time.

41. A person shall not act as a custodian of an investment fund unless it is licensed or registered as such by the Commission.

Licensing  
or  
registration  
of  
custodian

- Independence of custodian 42. An investment fund shall have a custodian that is independent of the investment fund administrator, the investment fund manager and the operator of the fund unless the fund is exempted by the Commission under subsection 40 (3).
- Segregation of investment fund assets – custodian appointed 43. (1) A custodian that holds assets on behalf of an investment fund, including cheques and other similar instruments, shall hold the assets separate and apart from its own property or that of any other person, and in trust for the investment fund.
- (2) A custodian that holds cash on behalf of an investment fund shall hold the cash separate and apart from the property of the custodian and any other person in a designated trust account with a financial institution licensed under the Banking Act or other licensed deposit-taking institution in a recognised country.
- (3) A custodian may allow a licensed marketplace or clearing facility to hold or control cash belonging to an investment fund for the purpose of-
- (a) a transaction for the investment fund with or through that marketplace or facility; or
  - (b) meeting the investment fund's obligation to provide collateral for a transaction, provided that the investment fund is notified that the cash may be so held or controlled.
- Segregation of investment fund assets – exempt from appointment of custodian 44. (1) Where an investment fund is exempt from appointing a custodian, any assets held on behalf of the investment fund, by a party related to the fund, including cheques and similar instruments, shall be held separate and apart from its own property and that of any other person, and in trust for the investment fund.
- (2) A party related to an investment fund that holds cash on behalf of the investment fund must hold the cash separate and apart from the property of the party related to the fund in a designated trust account with a bank holding a licence under the Banking Act or other licensed deposit-taking institution in a recognised country.
- (3) A party related to an investment fund may allow a licensed marketplace or clearing facility to hold or control cash belonging to an investment fund for the purpose of-
- (a) a transaction for the investment fund with or through that marketplace or facility; or

(b) meeting the investment fund's obligation to provide collateral for a transaction, provided that the investment fund is notified that the cash may be so held or controlled.

PART III

GENERAL REGULATORY MATTERS

45. (1) An application to the Commission for a licence or registration, shall be made in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by —

Application for licensing or registration of licence

- (a) such information as the Commission requires to assess the application; and
  - (b) the relevant prescribed fee.
- (2) A licence or registration is effective unless —

- (a) it is revoked by the Commission;
- (b) it expires;
- (c) the conditions for continuing the licence, or registration of the fund have not been satisfied; or
- (d) the Commission accepts a surrender of the regulated person's licence under the provisions of this Act.

46. (1) The Commission may, if it thinks fit, by notice in writing served on the regulated person or party related to an investment fund, impose, vary or revoke a condition of a licence or registration.

(2) An investment fund may request in writing that the Commission waive, vary or revoke any condition attached to its licence.

Imposition, variation or revocation of terms and conditions of licence or registration

47. (1) A regulated person shall renew its licence or registration as applicable, on an annual basis by submitting an application for renewal to the Commission on or before the 1st day of April each year.

Renewal of licence

(2) An application for renewal of a licence or registration of a fund shall be made on the prescribed form and must be accompanied by the prescribed licence or registration renewal fee.

48. (1) The Commission shall maintain a register to show details of investments funds and service providers that are licensed, registered or exempted under this Act.

Commission to maintain register

(2) The register under subsection (1) shall contain information to include—

- (a) the name of the regulated person;
- (b) the contact information for all parties related to an investment fund;
- (c) any conditions, under which the licence or registration was granted;
- (d) any other information that may be prescribed by the Commission.

(3) The Commission shall keep the register current.

(4) A person may, upon payment of the prescribed fee, inspect and make copies of or take extracts from the register.

Offence

49. (1) Any person who carries on business requiring a licence or registration under Part I or II without holding such a licence or registration certificate, or other than in accordance with the person's licence or registration, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction -

- (a) in the case of an individual, to a fine not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars or to imprisonment for two years or to both;
- (b) in the case of a company, to a fine not exceeding one million dollars.

(2) If the offence is a continuing offence, the individual or company is liable to a further fine not exceeding 10 per cent of the maximum fine above for every day that the offence continues after conviction.

#### PART IV

#### ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL MATTERS

Due diligence by licensed service-provider

50. (1) A service-provider shall not undertake to provide services to an investment fund unless the service-provider has satisfied itself that it may carry out its tasks and responsibilities to that fund in accordance with the securities laws and all other legislation applicable to that fund.

(2) Subsection (1) shall be deemed a condition of every service-provider licence for the purposes of this Act.

Delegation of tasks

51. (1) A service-provider shall not appoint or change a third-party provider to assist it with the provision of services for which a service-provider licence has been granted, unless-

- (a) the prior written approval of the Commission has been obtained for the appointment or change;
- (b) the third-party provider complies with such conditions imposed by the Commission; and
- (c) the prescribed fee has been paid.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1)(a), the Commission may exempt a service-provider from the obligation to obtain the Commission's approval under subsection (1).

(3) A service-provider with a valid service-provider licence may delegate tasks to a third-party provider but the delegating service-provider's responsibilities may not be delegated.

52. Where a service-provider knows or has reason to believe that an investment fund for which it provides services, or an operator, auditor, or a promoter of such investment fund –

Service-provider to give notice of certain matters

- (a) is, or is likely to become unable to meet its obligations as they fall due;
- (b) is carrying on business otherwise than in accordance with this Act, the regulations or any other law; or
- (c) is carrying on business in a manner that is or is likely to be prejudicial to investors or creditors of the investment fund,

the service-provider shall immediately give the Commission written notice of its knowledge or belief giving its reason for that knowledge or belief.

53. (1) Every regulated person shall appoint an approved auditor who shall conduct an audit of the regulated person's annual financial statements.

Auditor to be appointed

(2) The audit of a regulated person's financial statements shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the auditor shall provide the Commission with the prescribed reports on the financial affairs of the regulated person within the prescribed period.

(3) The Commission may impose all or any of the following duties on the auditor of a regulated person –

- (a) a duty to submit to the Commission such additional

information in relation to the audit as the Commission considers necessary;

- (b) a duty to enlarge or extend the scope of the audit of the business and affairs of the person licensed or registered under this Act;
- (c) a duty to carry out any other examination or establish any procedure in any particular case;
- (d) a duty to submit a report to the Commission on any matters referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c), and the auditor shall carry out such additional duty or duties.

(4) Every regulated person shall remunerate the auditor in respect of the discharge of such additional duty or duties as the Commission may impose under subsection (2).

Obligations of  
auditors

54. If, during the performance of his duties as auditor for a regulated person under this Act, an approved auditor –

- (a) becomes aware of any matter which in his opinion adversely affects the financial position of the entity being audited to a material extent; or
- (b) discovers evidence of a contravention of such provisions as may be prescribed

the auditor shall as soon as is practicable, and in any event within seven days, report the matter in writing to the Commission and to the regulated person.

Instructions to  
audit accounts

55. (1) The Commission may at any time instruct a regulated person –

- (a) to have its accounts audited; and
- (b) to submit the audited financial statements to the Commission, within such time as the Commission shall specify.

(2) The audited financial statements referred to in subsection (1) shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and shall be at the expense of the regulated person.

Reporting to the  
Commission

56. (1) Within the prescribed periods, a regulated person shall deliver to the Commission –



- (a) annual financial statements in respect of the regulated person's financial year along with the report of the auditor;
  - (b) interim financial statements and other information as may be prescribed; and
  - (c) all other reports, information or documents that the Commission deems necessary.
- (2) A public fund shall disseminate to the public any report filed with the Commission under subsection (1) within the prescribed period.

(3) The audit of the financial statements of a regulated person shall be performed in accordance with generally accepted auditing accounting principles and the auditor shall provide the Commission with the prescribed reports on the financial affairs of the regulated person within the prescribed period.

57. A regulated person shall use reasonable efforts to ensure that it complies with any direction given to it by the Commission in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Compliance with directions

58. (1) A regulated person shall not appoint or change a director, operator, chief executive officer (or the equivalent position) as the case may be, or any other person for whom initial approval by the Commission was required, unless -

Approval by the Commission

- (a) the prior written approval of the Commission has been obtained, for the appointment; or
- (b) the Commission has exempted the regulated person from the obligation to obtain the Commission's approval; and
- (c) the prescribed fee has been paid.

59. The initial requirements for a licence or registration or such other requirements imposed by the Act or the Commission from time to time shall continue to be met by the person throughout the period for which the licence is valid.

Initial requirements must be maintained

- 60. (1) The Commission shall administer this Act.
- (2) The Commission shall-

Commission to administer law

- (a) maintain a general review of investment fund business in the Currency Union and submit an annual report to the Monetary Council; and
- (b) be responsible for supervision and enforcement in respect of persons to whom this Act applies; and
- (c) for the investigation of persons where the Commission reasonably believes that they are or have been in breach of this Act.

(3) Whenever the Commission considers it necessary or expedient, the Commission may-

- (a) conduct onsite or offsite inspections;
- (b) examine prescribed regular returns, auditors' reports or ad hoc reports requested by the Commission; and
- (c) engage in such other activity as the Commission may determine,

to regulate the affairs or business of any regulated person for the purpose of a general review or for the purpose of satisfying itself that this Act is being complied with.

(4) The Commission may charge a fee as prescribed for an inspection conducted under this Part.

(5) Upon application, the Commission may grant an exemption regarding the payment of costs where the Commission considers it appropriate.

(6) In carrying out its responsibilities, the Commission may, in addition to any powers granted under this Act, exercise any of the powers and responsibilities granted to it under Parts, II, III, IV, V, VI, VIII, IX, XI, XII, XIII and XIV of the Securities Act 2021 and the Eastern Caribbean Securities Regulatory Commission Agreement.

(7) The powers and responsibilities granted to the Commission under paragraph (6) may be exercised mutatis mutandis with respect to all parties subject to the Commission's jurisdiction under this Act.

PART V  
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

61. (1) A person who contravenes any provision of this Act or the regulations, not otherwise provided for in this Act, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one million dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 10 years or to both.

General offence

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) where an offence is committed by a company, a director and every senior officer of that company who knowingly authorised, permitted or acquiesced in the commission of the offence also commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to the same penalty prescribed for the company.

Regulations

62. The Minister responsible for finance may, on the recommendation of the Commission, make regulations that are necessary or expedient for carrying out the purposes of the Investment Funds Act and to give effect to the functions and responsibilities of the Commission.

Rules

63. In carrying out the purpose of the Investment Funds Act and its functions and responsibilities under the Act, the Commission may make rules providing for such matters as may be necessary or expedient for giving effect to such purposes, functions and responsibilities.

Winding up, dissolution and termination

64. A regulated investment fund, investment fund manager, or investment fund administrator shall inform the Commission of its intent to wind up, dissolve or terminate within thirty days or such other time period as may be prescribed by the Commission before the formal winding up, dissolution or other termination procedure has commenced.

65. The Commission may, by notice published in the Gazette, recognise a country for the purposes of this Act.

Recognised country  
Cap. 154  
Repeal

66. The Mutual Funds Act is repealed.

Transitional provisions

67. From the date of the commencement of this Act -  
(a) an investment fund administrator or investment fund manager who is the holder of a valid licence issued under the Mutual Fund Act expiring less than one year after the commencement of this Act, shall apply for renewal in accordance with this Act;

(b) an investment fund that is the holder of a valid licence issued under the Mutual Fund Act expiring less than one

year after the commencement of this Act, shall apply for renewal in accordance with this Act.

- (c) From the date of the commencement of this Act a person other than a regulated investment fund carrying on or attempting to carry on business as an investment fund with the words "fund" or "investment fund" shall within ninety days remove the offending word.
- (d) From the date of the commencement of this Act a person other than a regulated investment fund administrator carrying on or attempting to carry on business as an investment fund administrator with the words "fund administrator" shall within ninety days remove the offending words.

Passed in the House of Assembly this 6th day of August, 2021.

**NICOLE HERBERT**  
Clerk of the House of Assembly.

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